UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/572,525	10/26/2007	Xuejun Kang	007989.P002	4632
BLAKELY SOKOLOFF TAYLOR & ZAFMAN LLP 1279 OAKMEAD PARKWAY SUNDINGLA DA 04095 4040			EXAMINER	
			NGUYEN, KHIEM D	
SUNNY VALE,	SUNNYVALE, CA 94085-4040		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2823	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			11/01/2010	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		10/572,525	KANG ET AL.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		KHIEM D. NGUYEN	2823			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status						
1) 又	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 12 Au	igust 2010				
-	This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.					
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
٠,١	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposit	ion of Claims					
4)⊠	Claim(s) <u>See Continuation Sheet</u> is/are pending	g in the application.				
,	4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>29-31, 33, 35-38, 40-43, 45, 46 and 49-52</u> is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5)□	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
′—	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-3,5,9,11-13,15,18,19,21,23-26 and 28</u> is/are rejected.					
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.	<u>=0</u> 10/41/0 10/001041				
′—	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.				
	ion Papers	·				
		•				
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
10)						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority (ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
	e of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) ☐ Interview Summary	(PTO-413)			
2) Notic 3) Infor	ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) or No(s)/Mail Date <u>07/26/2010</u> .	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ate			

Continuation of Disposition of Claims: Claims pending in the application are 1-3,5,9,11-13,15,18,19,21,23-26,28-31,33,35-38,40-43,45,46 and 49-52.

Art Unit: 2823

DETAILED ACTION

Remarks

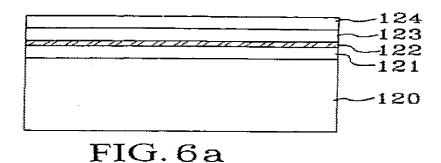
- 1. The Amendment filed on August 12th, 2010 is acknowledged. By this amendment, claims 1 and 25 have been amended and claims 4, 6-8, 10, 14, 16, 17, 20, 22, 27, 32, 34, 39, 44, 47, 48, and 53 have been cancelled. Accordingly, claims 1-3, 5, 9, 11-13, 15, 18, 19, 21, 23-26, 28-31, 33, 35-38, 40-43, 45-46, and 49-52 are currently pending in this application in which claims 29-31, 33, 35-38, 40-43, 45, 46 and 49-52 have been withdrawn from further consideration as being drawn to non-elected invention.
- 2. The newly submitted IDS filed on July 26th, 2010 has been considered, please find enclosed the acknowledged copy of the 1449-form.
- Applicants' amendment to independent claim 1 has obviated the 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph in the previous Office Action.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

- 4. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:
 - A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -
 - (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- Claims 1-3, 9, 11-13, 15, 18, 19, 21, 23-26, and 28 are rejected under 35
 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Chien et al. (U.S. Patent 6,492,661).

In re claim 1, <u>Chien et al.</u> disclose a method for fabrication of a semiconductor device, the method including:

providing a wafer comprising a substrate **120** with multiple epitaxial layers **121**, **122**, **123** mounted on a substrate **120**, the multiple epitaxial layers **121**, **122**, **123** comprising an active region where light is able to be generated (see col. 5, lines 36-47 and FIG. 6a);



forming a first ohmic contact layer **125** on a first surface (top surface) of the multiple epitaxial layers **121**, **122**, **123** the first surface being remote from the substrate **120**, the first ohmic contact layer **125** comprising multiple metal layers (see col. 7, line 65 to col. 8, line 2) and the first ohmic contact layer **125** being a mirror at a junction between the first surface (top surface) of the multiple epitaxial layers **121**, **122**, **123** and the first ohmic contact layer **125** (see col. 5, lines 47-56 and FIG. 6c);

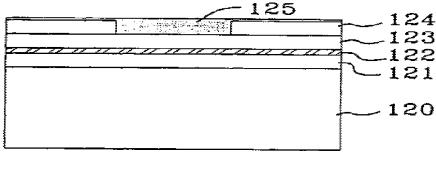


FIG. 6c

forming a relatively thick layer of a thermally conductive metal **126** adjacent to the first ohmic contact layer **124**, the thermally conductive metal **126** being of sufficient thickness to provide a heat sink (see col. 5, lines 51-56 and FIG. 6d); and removing the substrate **120** (see col. 5, line 54 and FIG. 6d).

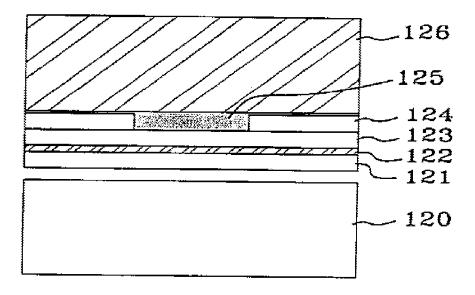


FIG.6d

In re claim 2, as applied to claim 1 above, <u>Chien et al.</u> disclose all claimed limitations including the limitation wherein the first ohmic contact layer **125** is

coated with an adhesion layer prior to application of a seed layer of thermally conductive metal, and wherein the relatively thick layer **126** is formed on the seed layer by electroplating (see col. 5, lines 36-67).

In re claim 3, as applied to claim 2 above, <u>Chien et al.</u> disclose all claimed limitations including the limitation wherein the seed layer is patterned with photoresist patterns before the electroplating, and the electroplating of the relatively thick layer **126** is between the photoresist patterns (see col. 5, lines 36-67).

In re claim 9, as applied to claim 2 above, <u>Chien et al.</u> disclose all claimed limitations including the limitation wherein the seed layer is electroplated without patterning, patterning being performed subsequently by photoresist patterning and then wet etching (see col. 5, lines 36-67).

In re claim 11, as applied to claim 9 above, <u>Chien et al.</u> disclose all claimed limitations including the limitation wherein patterning is by laser beam micro-machining of the relatively thick layer **126** (see col. 5, lines 36-67).

In re claim 12, as applied to claim 3 above, <u>Chien et al.</u> disclose all claimed limitations including the limitation wherein the relatively thick layer **126** is of a height no greater than the photoresist height (see col. 5, lines 36-67).

In re claim 13, as applied to claim 3 above, <u>Chien et al.</u> disclose all claimed limitations including the limitation wherein the relatively thick layer of thermally conductive metal **126** is electroplated to a height greater than the

photoresist and is subsequently thinned, thinning being by polishing or wet etching (see col. 5, lines 36-67).

In re claim 15, as applied to claim 1 above, <u>Chien et al.</u> disclose all claimed limitations including the limitation wherein after the removing of the substrate 120, the method further comprises forming on a second surface (bottom surface) of the multiple epitaxial layers 121, 122 a second ohmic contact layer, the second ohmic contact layer being selected from the group consisting of: opaque, transparent, and semi-transparent, the second ohmic contact layer being one of blank and patterned, bonding pads being formed on the second ohmic contact layer (see col. 5, lines 54-56 and FIG. 6e).

In re claim 18, as applied to claim 1 above, <u>Chien et al.</u> disclose all claimed limitations including the limitation wherein after the removing of the substrate **120**, the method further comprises forming an ohmic contact and subsequent processing, the subsequent processing including deposition of wire bond pads (see col. 5, lines 54-56 and FIG. 6e).

In re claim 19, as applied to claim 15 above, <u>Chien et al.</u> disclose all claimed limitations including the limitation wherein the second surface is cleaned and etched before the second ohmic contact layer is deposited, the second ohmic contact layer not covering the whole area of the second surface (see FIG. 6e).

In re claim 21, as applied to claim 15 above, <u>Chien et al.</u> disclose all claimed limitations including the limitation wherein a plurality of semiconductor

Application/Control Number: 10/572,525

devices are fabricated on the wafer, and wherein after forming the second ohmic contact layer there is included testing of the semiconductor devices on the wafer and separating the layers into individual devices (see col. 5, lines 36-67).

In re claim 23, as applied to claim 1 above, <u>Chien et al.</u> disclose all claimed limitations including the limitation wherein a plurality of semiconductor devices are fabricated on the wafer without one or more selected from the group consisting of: lapping, polishing and dicing (see col. 5, lines 36-67).

In re claim 24, as applied to claim 1 above, <u>Chien et al.</u> disclose all claimed limitations including the limitation wherein the first ohmic contact layer 125 is on p-type layers of the multiple epitaxial layers 121, 122, 123 (see col. 5, lines 36-56).

In re claim 25, as applied to claim 24 above, <u>Chien et al.</u> disclose all claimed limitations including the limitation wherein the second ohmic contact layer is formed on n-type layers of the multiple <u>epitaxial</u> layers **121**, **122**, **123** (see col. 5, lines 54-56).

In re claim 26, as applied to claim 1 above, <u>Chien et al.</u> disclose all claimed limitations including the limitation wherein after the removing of the substrate **120**, the method further comprising, depositing dielectric films on the multiple epitaxial layers **121**, **122**, **123**; and cutting openings in the dielectric films, the second ohmic contact layer, and the bond pads deposited on the multiple epitaxial layers (see col. 5, lines 36-56).

Art Unit: 2823

In re claim 28, as applied to claim 1 above, <u>Chien et al.</u> disclose all claimed limitations including the limitation wherein the thermally conductive metal 126 comprises copper and the multiple epitaxial layers 121, 122, 123 comprise multiple GaN-related layers (see col. 5, lines 36-56).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 7. Claim 5 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Chien et al. (U.S. Patent 6,492,661).

In re claim 5, as applied to claim 3 paragraph 8 above, <u>Chien et al.</u>
discloses wherein between the forming of the first ohmic contact layer 125 and the forming a relatively thick layer 126 of a thermally conductive metal, the method further comprises annealing the layers to improve adhesion, and wherein the photoresist patterns are of a predetermined height, a predetermined thickness range, and a predetermined spacing range (see col. 5, lines 36-56) but do not specifically disclose wherein the photoresist patterns are of a height in the range 15 to 500 micrometers, a thickness in the range 3 to 500 micrometers, and a spacing in the range of 200 to 2,000 microns.

However, there is no evidence indicating the height, thickness, and spacing of the photoresist patterns is critical and it has been held that it is not

Application/Control Number: 10/572,525

Art Unit: 2823

inventive to discover the optimum or workable range of a result-effective variable within given prior art conditions by routine experimentation. See MPEP § 2144.05. Note that the specification contains no disclosure of either the critical nature of the claimed dimensions of any unexpected results arising there from. Where patentability is aid to be based upon particular chosen dimensions or upon another variable recited in a claim, the Applicant must show that the chosen dimensions are critical. In re Woodruff, 919 F.2d 1575, 1578, 16 USPQ2d 1934, 1936 (Fed. Cir. 1990).

Page 9

Response to Applicants' Amendment and Arguments

8. Applicants' arguments filed August 12th, 2010 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicants contend that the reference, Chien et al. (U.S. Patent 6,492,661), herein known as <u>Chien</u> does not disclose that the ohmic contact layer is comprised of multiple metal layers as claimed. Particularly, Applicants stated that "the reflection layer 125 is not formed at the junction between the first surface of the multiple epitaxial layers and the first ohmic contact layer as claimed. Instead, the mirror 125 of Chien is formed at the junction between the conductive substrate 126 and the ohmic contact layer 124 as shown in Figure 6d".

In response to Applicants' contention that <u>Chien</u> does not teach or suggest the limitation of "forming a first ohmic contact layer on a first surface of the multiple epitaxial layers, the first surface being remote from the substrate, the

Art Unit: 2823

first ohmic contact layer comprising multiple metal layers and the first ohmic contact layer being a mirror at a junction between the first surface of the multiple epitaxial layers and the first ohmic contact layers, Examiner respectfully disagrees.

Applicants' attention is respectfully directed to (col. 5, lines 36-42 and FIG. 6a, for example) where <u>Chien</u> discloses, inter-alia, providing a substrate **120** with multiple epitaxial layers **121**, **122**, **123** mounted on a substrate **120**, the multiple epitaxial layers **121**, **122**, **123** comprising an active region where light is able to be generated; and

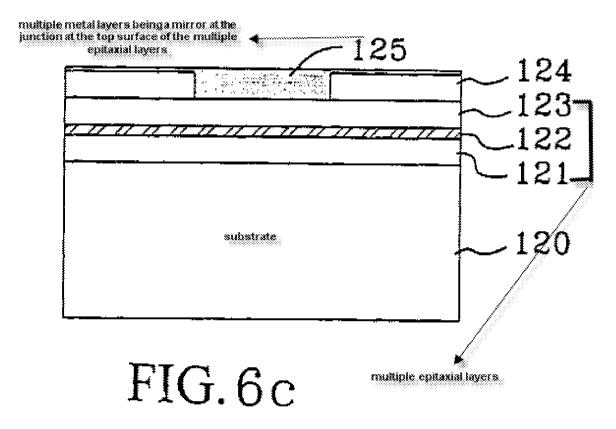
Please refer to FIG. 6a. In an embodiment of the present invention, on a first n type GaAs substrate 120, there are serially epitaxially formed an n type AlGaInP lower cladding layer 121, a AlGahiP active layer 122 which is of a conventional structure and can be of a single-quantum-well structure (SQW) or a multiple-quantum-well structure (MQW), a p type AlGaInP upper cladding layer 123 and an

forming a first ohmic contact layer 125 (a reflection layer) on a first surface (top surface) of the multiple epitaxial layers 121, 122, 123 the first surface being remote from the substrate 120, the first ohmic contact layer 125 comprising multiple metal layers (see col. 7, line 65 to col. 8, line 2) and the first ohmic contact layer 125 being a mirror at a junction between the first surface (top surface) of the multiple epitaxial layers 121, 122, 123 and the first ohmic contact layer 125 (see col. 5, lines 47-56 and FIG. 6c, as illustrated below):

In the embodiments of the present invention, the reflec- 65 tion layer can be a single layer structure of titanium (Ti), aluminum (Ai) or gold (Au) or a multiple layer structure of

gold/germanium (Au/Ge), titanium/aluminum (Ti/Al) or nickel/gold (Ni/Au).

Art Unit: 2823



In view of the above, <u>Chien</u> clearly discloses that the first ohmic contact layer 125 comprising multiple metal layers such as gold/germanium, titanium/aluminum, or nickel/gold, these metal layers can effectively form ohmic/schottky contact with the multiple epitaxial layers. This metal ohmic contact has very good conductivity, and can function both as a current-spreading path and reflect the light emitted from the active layer since these metal materials can reflect light with any incident angle (see col. 5, lines 56-64).

For this reason, Examiner holds the rejection proper.

Conclusion

9. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

Art Unit: 2823

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Conclusion

10. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to KHIEM D. NGUYEN whose telephone number is (571)272-1865. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday (9:00 AM - 6:00 PM).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Matthew S. Smith can be reached on (571) 272-1907. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Art Unit: 2823

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Khiem D. Nguyen/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2823 October 26th, 2010